

Visual Analysis of Tag Co-occurrence on Nouns and Adjectives

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Background

Query word:
blue & car

“red car”
“blue sky”

Irrelevant



Tags

North Vancouver • Canada • British Columbia •
B.C. • Waterfront Park • 2012 •
German Car Festival • German • car •
Porsche • 911 • 993 • Porsche 911 •
colourful • vibrant • vivid • red • sky • blue

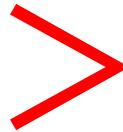
Objective

- Analyze visual relationships between nouns and adjectives

“red + flower”



visual
relationships



“red + dog”

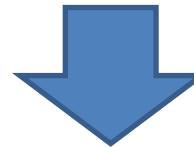


- Find out the tag pair with high visual relationships

Objective

- The images corresponding to the tag pairs with high visual relationships looks similar.

flower + red



- Help create new dataset with less noise
- Improve accuracy of simultaneous recognition of nouns and adjectives
 - There is a flower and the color of the flower is red.

Basic idea

- Prepare many tag pairs of nouns and adjectives
 - e.g. "red + car", "blue + sky", ...
- Search web image database for the images corresponding to each of the prepared tag pairs
- Detect regions of objects for all the images
 - Eliminating of background in the images
- Evaluate the distribution of the image set of each tag pair with entropy, and calculate mutual information

Overview

Image acquisition by
the tag search

Image
segmentation

Feature
Extraction

Object region
determination



Calculation of
visual relationship



Calculation of
relationship
between the tags

Example of gathered images

red + car



beautiful + car



red + dog



beautiful + dog



Image acquisition

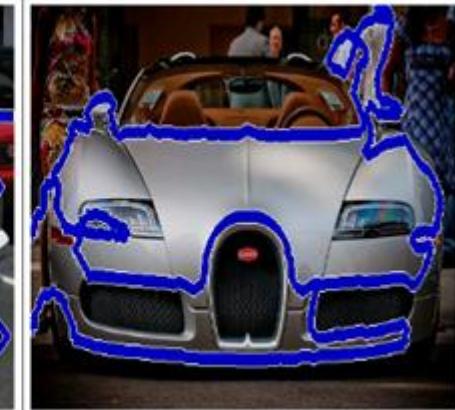
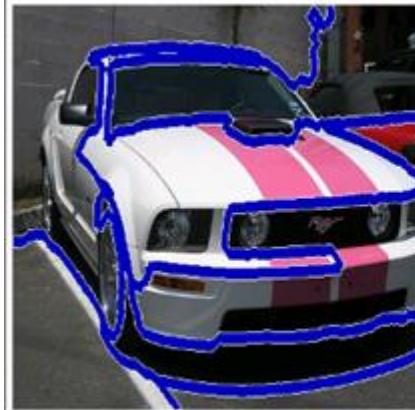
- Image acquisition from **flickr**
 - 20 nouns : car , dog , sky , ...
 - 16 adjectives : - , red , morning , old , ...
 - $20 \text{ nouns} \times 16 \text{ adjectives} = 320 \text{ tag pairs}$
 - 200 positive images for each tag pair
 - 600 negative images (common to all tag pairs)
 - $64,600 \text{ images} (=200 \times 320+60)$

Image segmentation by JSEG

red + car



beautiful + car



red + dog

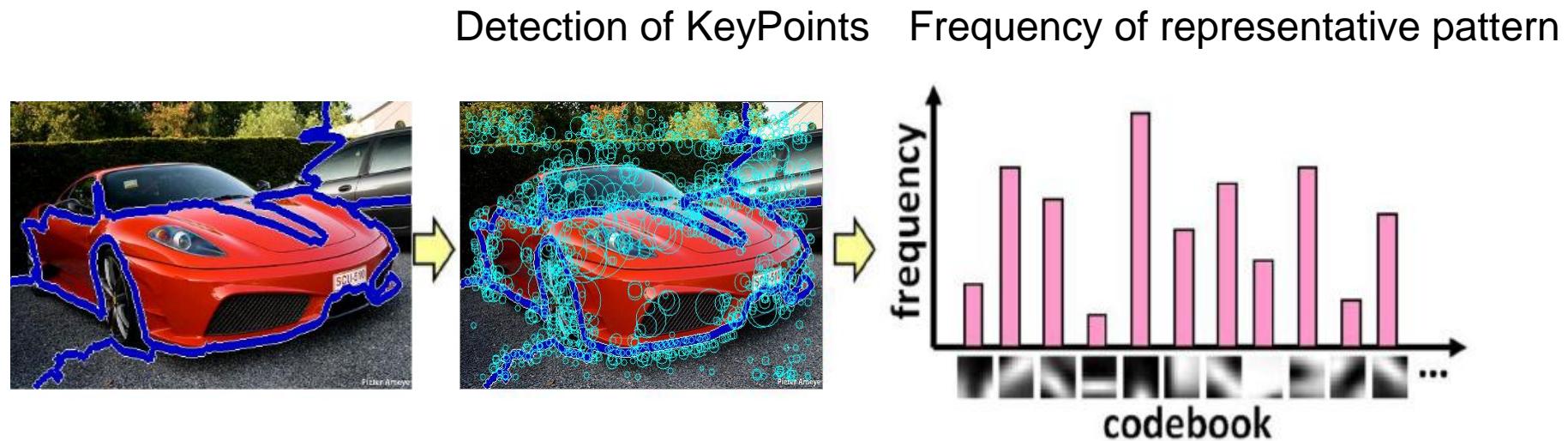


beautiful + dog



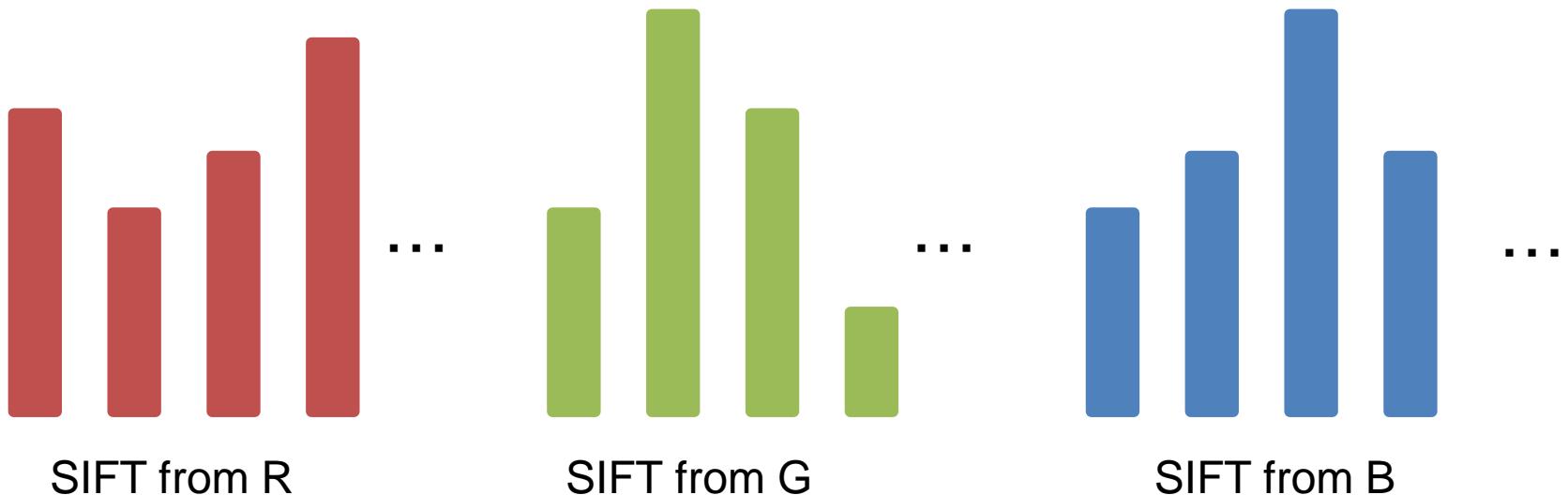
Feature extraction

- Extract SIFT features from each region
- Build Bag of Feature vectors from a set of the Color-SIFT features



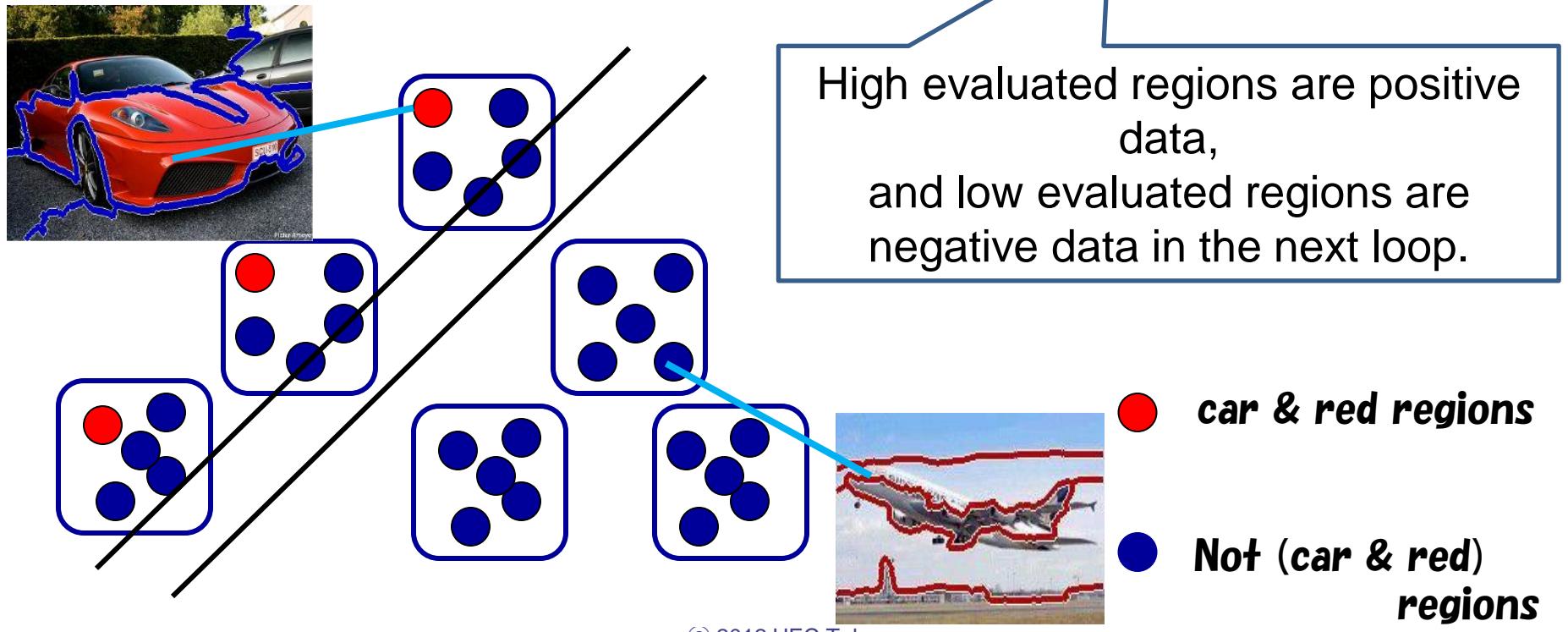
Used Features

- Color-SIFT
 - Divide a picture into R,G,B and extract feature from each.
 - 384 dimensions : 128 dimensions × 3



Assume good region corresponding keyword

- Multiple instance-SVM
 - training → evaluation → changing dataset → training → (5-loops)



Results of detected regions

red + car



beautiful + car



red + dog

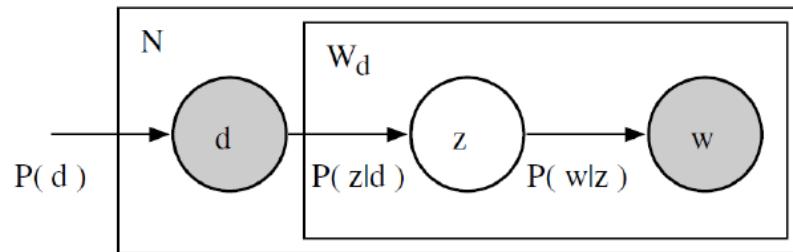


beautiful + dog



Calculate Feature Distribution

- pLSA
 - Probabilistic Latent Semantic Analysis



$$L = \sum_{i=1}^I \sum_{j=1}^J n(d_i, w_j) \log P(d_i, w_j)$$

- d:image, w:word, z:hidden topic
- Calculate distribution of the features from the relationship of d, z, and w

Visual relation by mutual information

Entropy : Value of distribution of local features

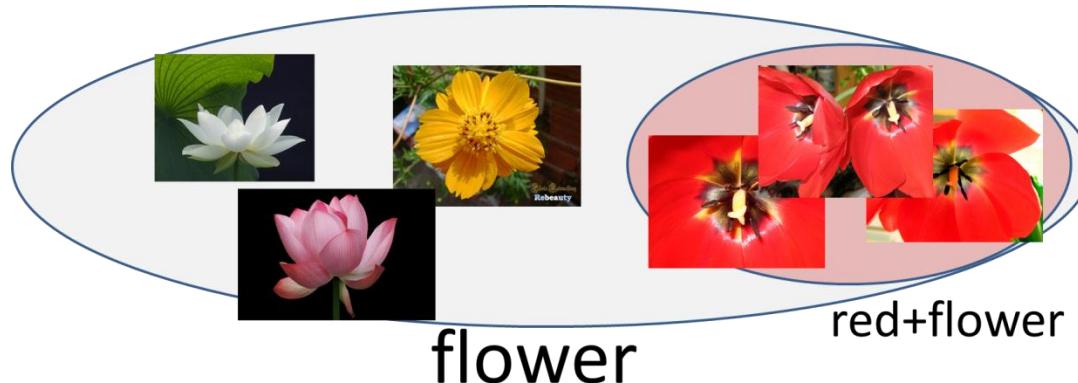
$$H(X) = - \sum P(x) \log(P(x))$$

High : Wide distribution \leftrightarrow Low : Narrow distribution

Mutual information : Difference of entropy

$$MI(X;Y) = H(X) - H(X|Y)$$

High : High relation \leftrightarrow Low : Low relation



Experiments (1)

Dataset: 64,600 images for 320 tagged pairs

1. Evaluate mutual information of tag pairs
2. Compare visual feature based relation with text based relation

Results of mutual information of tag pairs

	red	blue	green	black	white	circle	square										
-	morning	night	winter	summer	new	old	beautiful	cool									
beach	0.593	0.153	0.123	0.003	0.110	0.034	0.043	0.122	0.446	0.297	0.053	0.020	0.003	0.030	0.197	0.053	1
bird	5.466	0.071	0.354	0.161	0.232	0.078	-0.018	0.151	0.336	0.143	0.003	0.042	0.085	-0.028	0.016	-0.022	2
boat	5.486	0.139	0.105	0.003	0.130	0.118	0.131	0.035	0.101	0.129	0.049	0.044	0.150	-0.003	0.018	0.039	
cup	5.521	0.003	0.061	0.046	0.145	0.117	0.061	0.092	0.032	0.083	0.069	0.064	0.046	0.044	0.070	0.048	
dog	5.334	0.078	0.066	-0.020	0.154	-0.024	0.030	0.217	0.220	0.135	0.063	-0.064	0.069	-0.005	0.086	0.014	
flower	5.431	0.105	0.137	0.100	0.121	0.150	0.073	0.096	0.169	0.103	0.132	0.013	-0.027	-0.060	-0.015	-0.005	
fruit	5.522	0.027	0.024	0.069	0.120	0.124	0.144	0.086	0.137	0.211	0.069	0.048	0.050	0.038	0.066	0.008	
house	5.357	0.096	0.185	0.145	0.082	0.055	-0.040	0.175	0.153	0.088	0.011	0.077	0.106	-0.128	0.018	0.030	
people	5.474	0.112	0.113	0.157	0.242	0.085	0.042	0.113	0.006	0.050	0.117	0.149	0.007	-0.046	0.061	0.018	
sea	5.536	0.114	0.170	0.163	0.161	0.060	0.040	0.091	0.224	0.078	0.129	0.033	-0.011	0.093	-0.003	-0.001	
sky	5.519	0.084	0.047	0.024	0.114	0.078	0.035	0.013	0.164	0.153	0.093	0.020	0.134	0.058	0.090	0.040	
snow	5.368	0.211	-0.022	-0.038	0.198	-0.030	-0.032	0.108	0.439	0.237	0.198	-0.066	0.056	-0.021	0.077	-0.006	
sun	5.387	0.188	0.108	0.016	0.146	0.030	-0.026	0.036	0.287	0.237	0.011	0.048	0.053	-0.022	0.006	-0.002	
tower	5.490	0.036	0.261	0.038	0.084	0.044	-0.014	0.167	0.279	0.159	0.054	-0.009	-0.013	0.047	0.084	0.077	
train	5.380	0.278	0.044	0.027	0.069	-0.008	0.176	0.042	0.237	0.248	0.069	0.007	-0.016	-0.067	0.179	0.013	
tree	5.473	0.113	0.234	0.051	0.151	0.046	0.022	0.063	0.443	0.101	0.044	0.012	0.043	0.037	0.015	0.015	
	5.535	0.056	0.133	0.054	0.242	0.128	0.149	0.071	0.036	0.145	0.028	0.016	0.040	0.045	0.050	0.023	
	5.437	0.014	0.137	0.072	0.183	0.058	-0.022	0.173	0.376	0.186	0.164	0.056	0.046	0.056	-0.003	0.011	

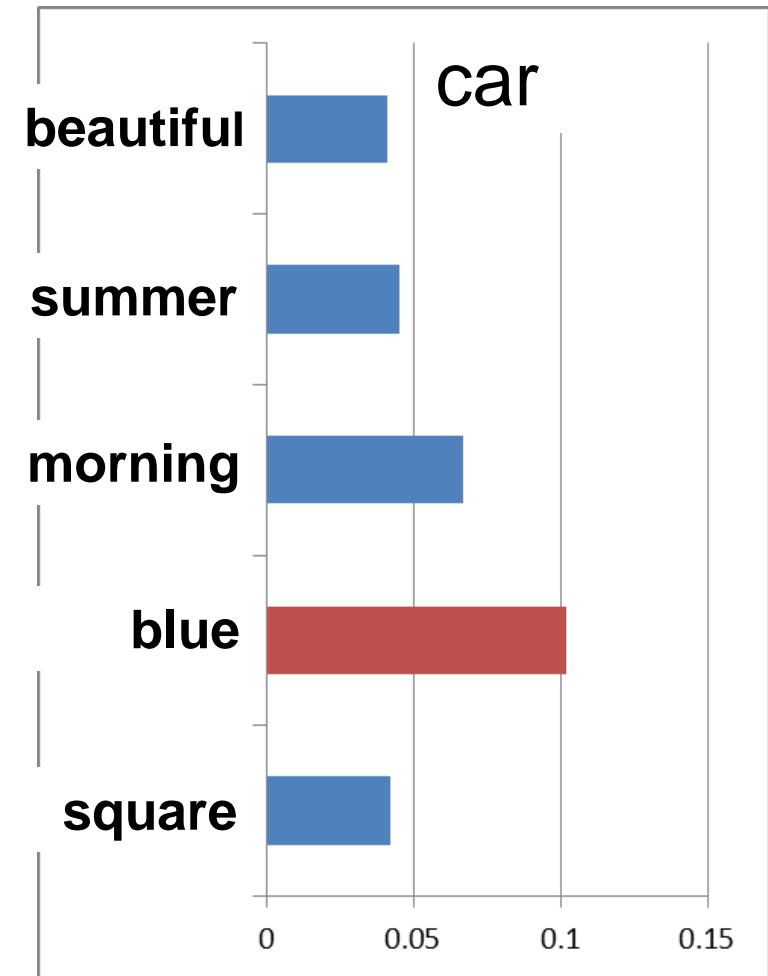
Some representative results

High visual relationship between pair tags

- "red+sun" , "red+car"
 - Color adjective and object noun
- "morning+sun", "night+sun"
 - Time adjective and noun related sky

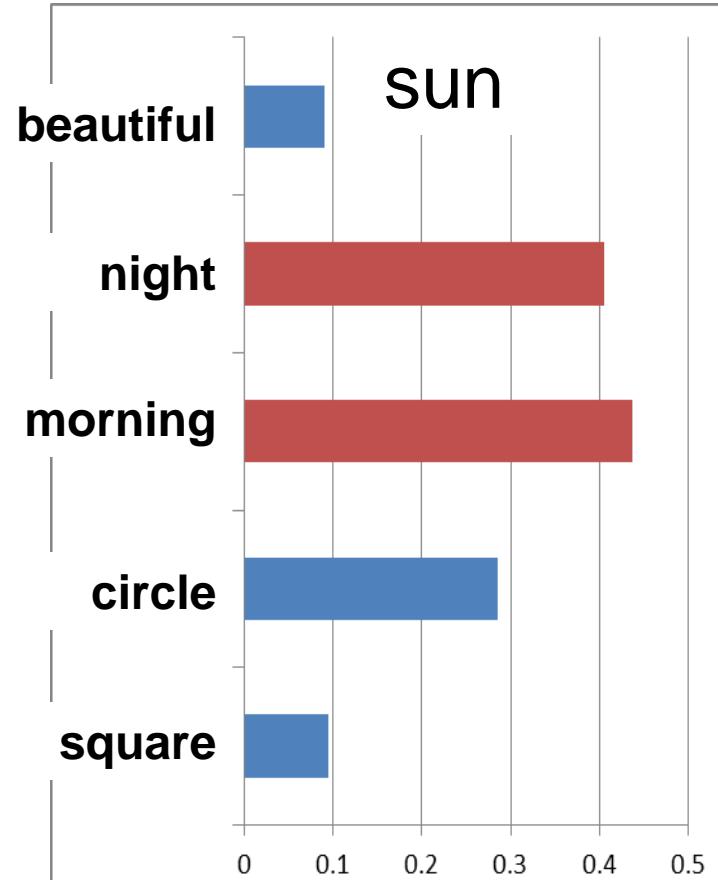
An example of high visual relationships (1)

- Color adjective and object noun
 - “blue + car”



An example of high visual relationships (2)

- Time adjective and noun related sky
 - “sun+morning” , “sun+night”



Experiments (2)

Dataset: 64,600 images for 320 tagged pairs

1. Evaluate mutual information of tag pairs
2. Compare visual feature based relation with text based relation

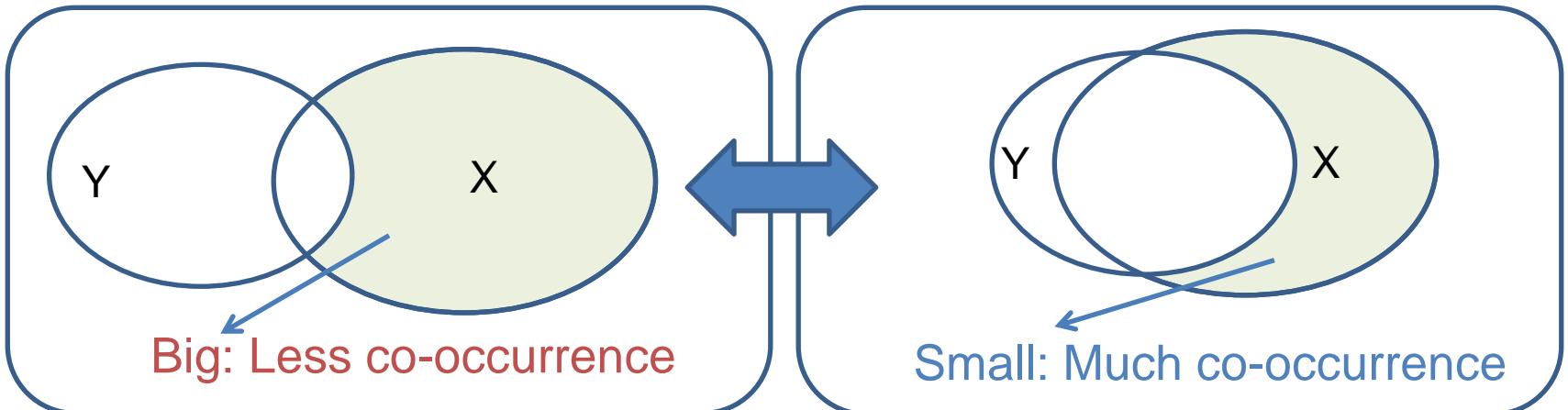
Similarity by textual relationships

2. Compare visual relation and textual relation

The Normalized Google Distance (NGD)

- Estimates similarity from number of search results

$$NGD = \frac{\max\{\log |X|, \log |Y|\} - \log |X \cap Y|}{\log N - \min\{\log |X|, \log |Y|\}}$$



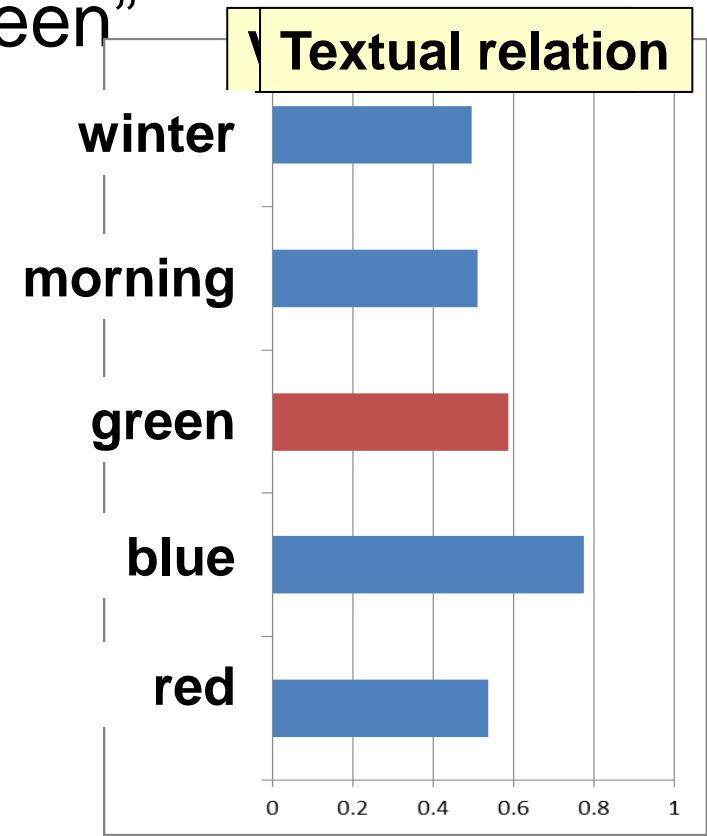
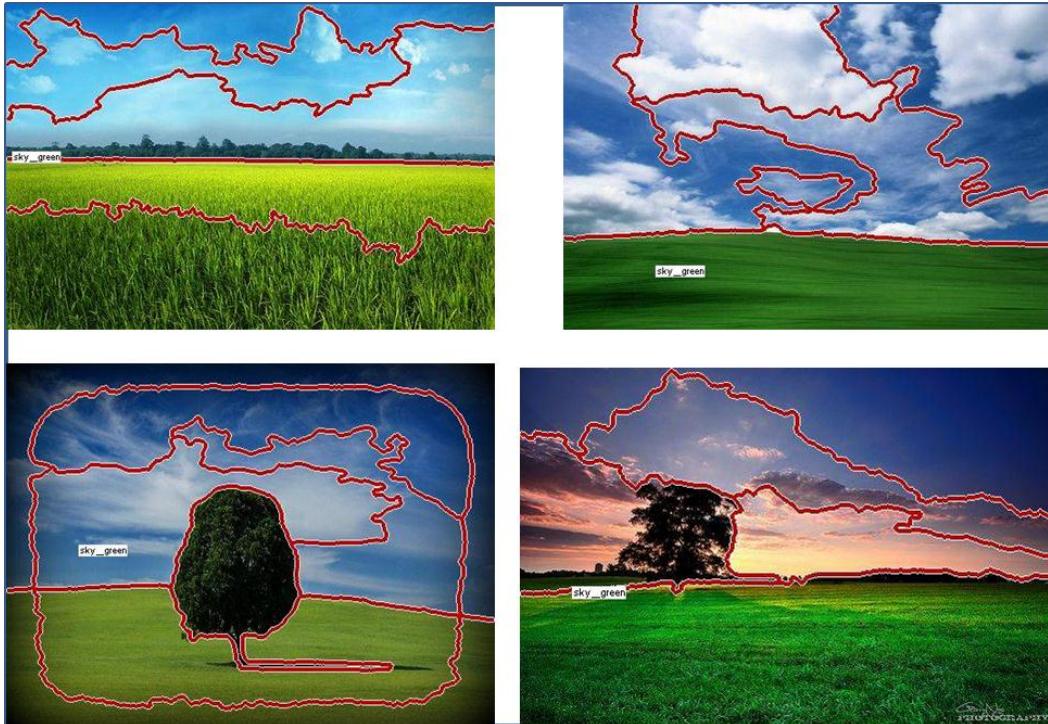
$|X|, |Y|$: The number of search results obtained from Flickr

Results of similarity by textual relation

名詞/形容詞	red	blue	green	black	white	circle	square	morning	night	winter	summer	new	old	beautiful	cool
beach	0.678	0.492	0.650	0.646	0.630	0.802	0.983	0.620	0.639	0.669	0.445	0.669	0.715	0.539	0.717
bird	0.587	0.518	0.566	0.550	0.563	0.798	0.960	0.666	0.776	0.602	0.708	0.758	0.757	0.616	0.726
boat	0.618	0.516	1.556	0.683	0.647	0.676	0.954	0.606	0.629	0.725	0.575	0.690	0.593	0.618	0.710
bridge	0.646	0.579	0.616	0.623	0.619	0.665	0.798	0.600	0.487	0.613	0.680	0.584	0.567	0.640	0.728
car	0.508	0.556	0.613	0.523	0.573	0.766	0.918	0.747	0.573	0.704	0.683	0.623	0.425	0.666	0.542
cat	0.666	0.624	0.630	0.462	0.518	0.884	0.934	0.761	0.735	0.754	0.774	0.794	0.759	0.660	0.714
cloud	0.579	0.422	0.552	0.588	0.532	0.666	0.859	0.462	0.616	0.640	0.630	0.731	0.651	0.548	0.617
cup	0.659	0.721	0.720	0.711	0.679	0.671	0.943	0.628	0.853	0.853	0.858	0.700	0.734	0.831	0.770
dog	0.638	0.621	0.646	0.477	0.528	0.828	0.925	0.744	0.785	0.617	0.684	0.746	0.720	0.697	0.708
flower	0.405	0.480	0.379	0.579	0.408	0.724	0.878	0.666	0.730	0.709	0.523	0.739	0.765	0.517	0.707
fruit	0.508	0.687	0.534	0.694	0.663	0.667	0.890	0.699	0.809	0.779	0.647	0.812	0.735	0.707	0.671
house	0.594	0.583	0.555	0.604	0.543	0.722	0.895	0.689	0.597	0.618	0.649	0.521	0.434	0.623	0.657
people	0.597	0.589	0.600	0.525	0.524	0.763	0.788	0.700	0.506	0.640	0.527	0.625	0.576	0.474	0.604
sea	0.541	0.394	0.571	0.579	0.560	0.788	0.917	0.588	0.600	0.614	0.472	0.700	0.615	0.525	0.699
sky	0.463	0.226	0.415	0.535	0.444	0.696	0.806	0.489	0.450	0.504	0.480	0.645	0.599	0.498	0.635
snow	0.633	0.560	0.669	0.644	0.435	0.732	0.922	0.603	0.567	0.157	0.763	0.667	0.717	0.653	0.717
sun	0.495	0.408	0.468	0.530	0.496	0.673	0.871	0.420	0.606	0.515	0.416	0.664	0.582	0.405	0.585
tower	0.679	0.573	0.663	0.666	0.629	0.722	0.728	0.649	0.522	0.683	0.725	0.668	0.557	0.670	0.713
train	0.697	0.694	0.731	0.664	0.681	0.748	0.910	0.690	0.649	0.684	0.759	0.692	0.571	0.742	0.711
tree	0.483	0.447	0.376	0.536	0.483	0.709	0.826	0.541	0.565	0.447	0.601	0.691	0.574	0.558	0.654

2. Compare visual relation and textual relation

- Low visual relationship
↔ high similarity by textual relation
 - “beach+summer”, “sky+green”



Summary

- Analyze visual similarity between the tag pairs
- Calculate mutual information from the images of 360 tag pairs
 - High visual relationship

The pair of color adjectives and object nouns
The pair of time adjectives and related sky nouns
- Compare visual relation and textual relation
 - Exist the tag pair of Low visual relationship but High textual relationship

Future works

- Large scale experiments
 - e.g. 1000 nouns × 1000 adjectives
- Simultaneous recognition of the nouns and adjectives

Future works



dog

bag

red

cute

Summary

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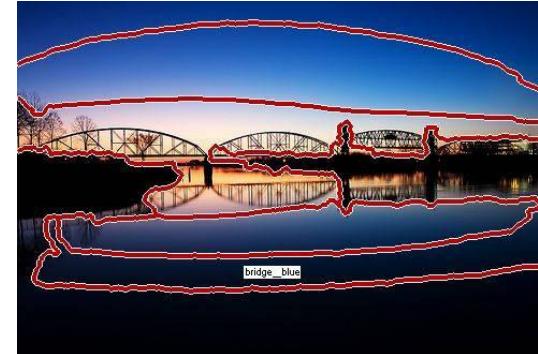


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Thank you for your attention

Failed result

- blue + bridge

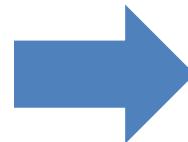


High visual
relation

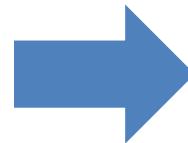
But

Most of bridge
are not blue

- An adjective modifies some nouns.



blue + car
and
blue + sky

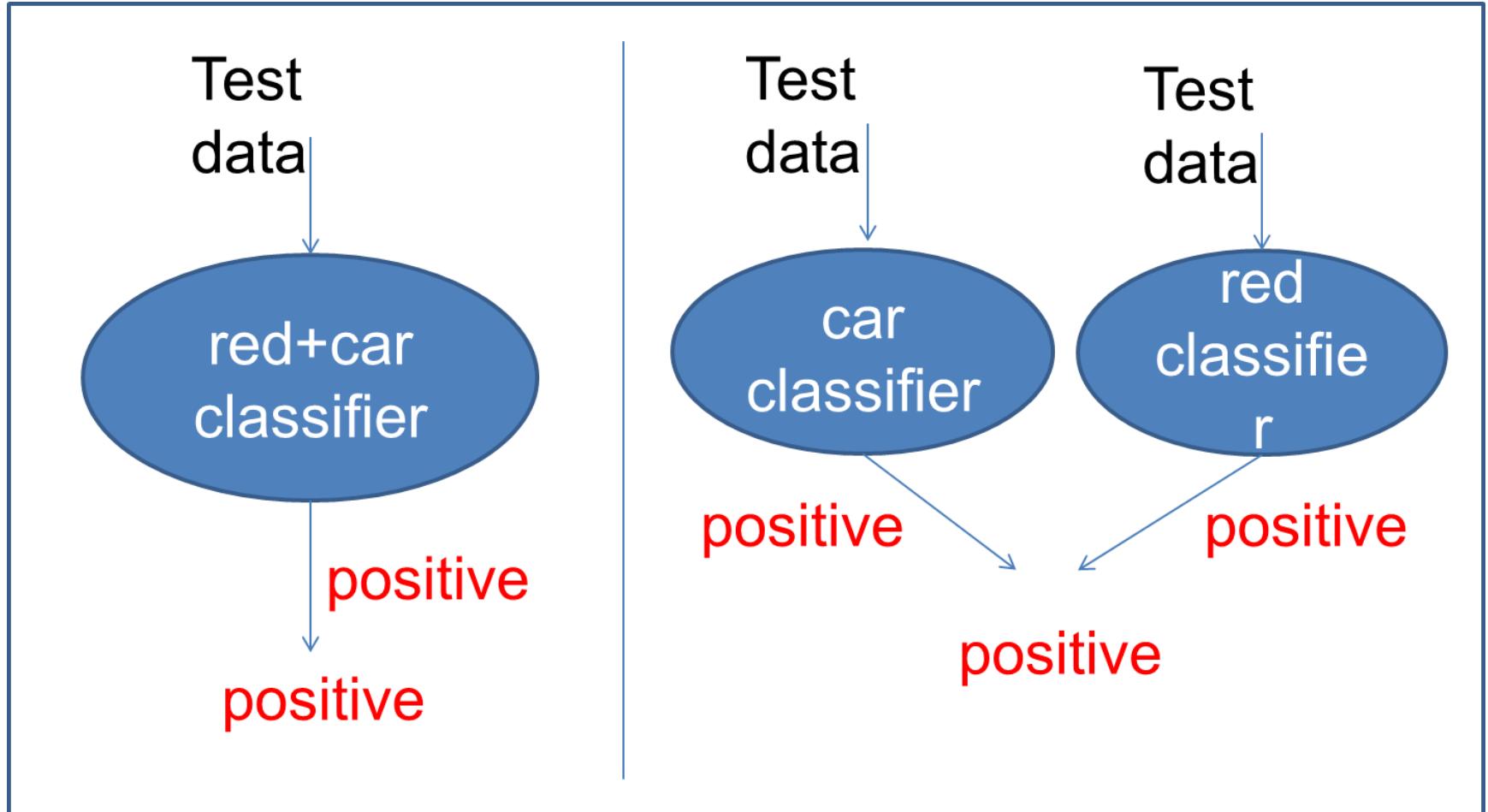


blue + car
or
blue + sky

Future works

- There are two ways of simultaneous recognition.
 1. Prepare for each noun and adjective class
 2. Prepare the classes that combine nouns and adjectives
- Reduce the class number by the second method
- Use of mutual information as an index for it

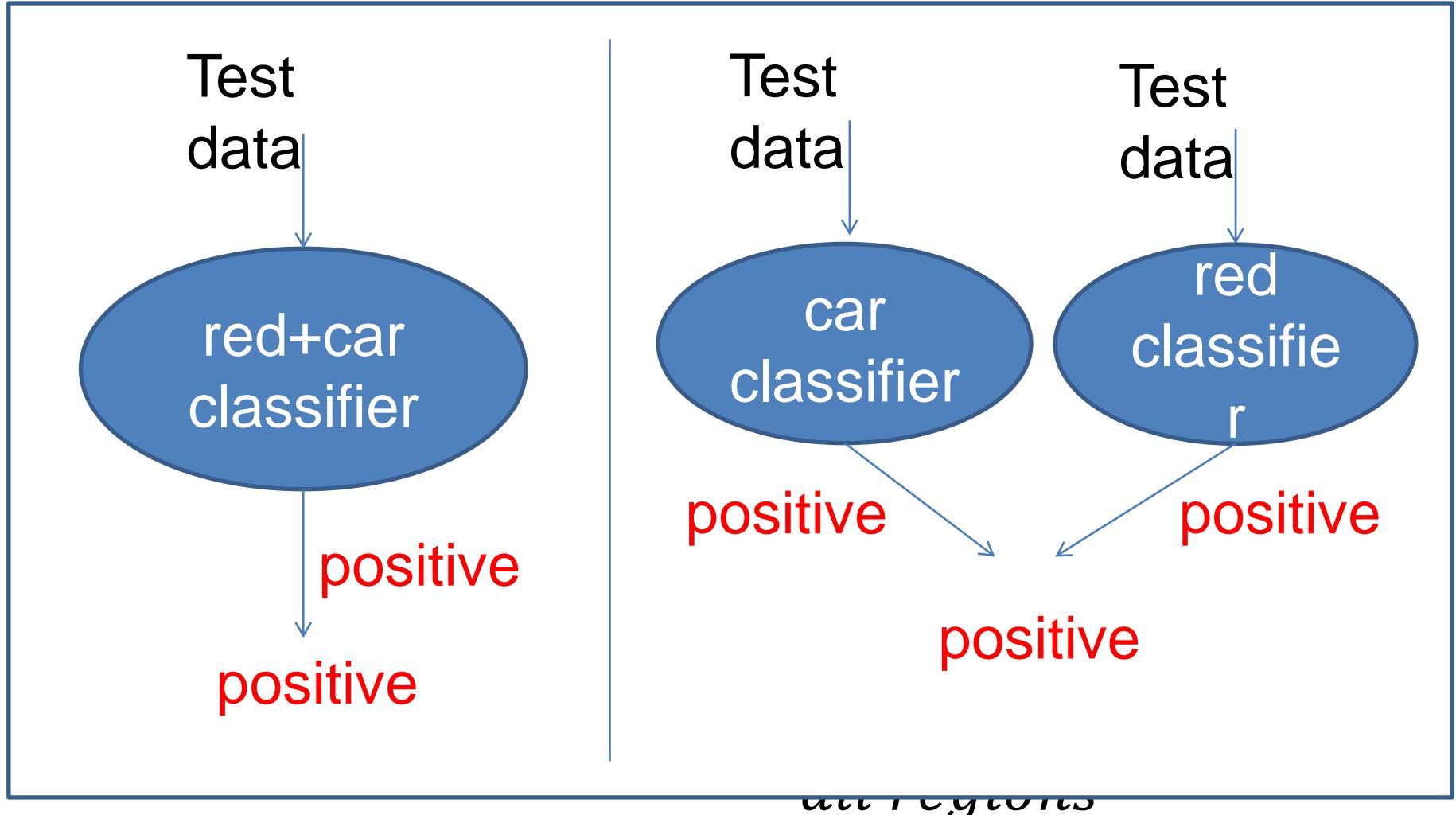
Future work



Minus of mutual information

- The noise included in the images, mutual information is in the negative.

Classification experiment



Results of Classification

