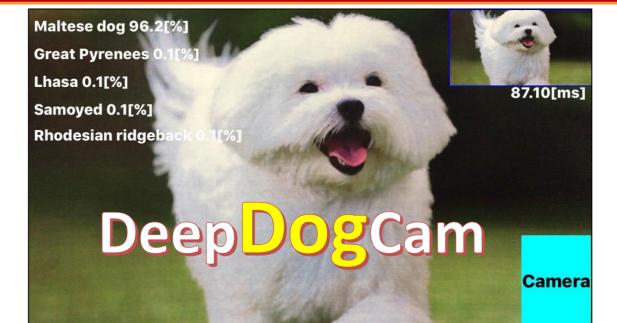
## **D-3A-48 DeepXCam:** Very Fast CNN-based Mobile Applications: **Multiple Style Transfer and Object Recognition**



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## **1.** Objective

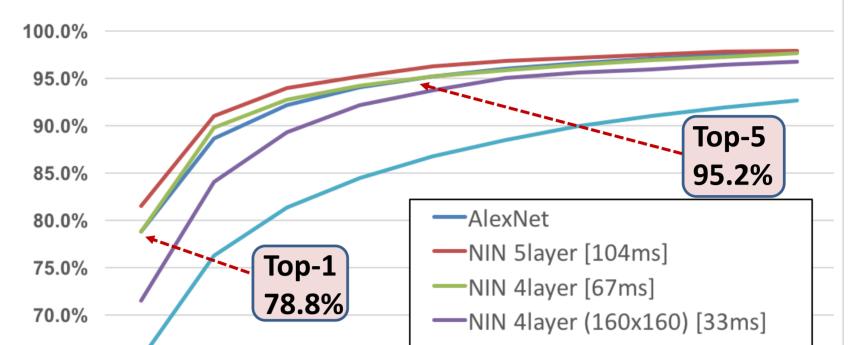
### **Common Features of All the Apps**

- Standalone CNN mobile applications (no external server required)
- Speeding up by multi-threading and fast framework
- Recognizing any size of images by multi-scale Fully Convolutional Network
- Significant reduction in memory requirements
- Being applicable to various kinds of mobile devices

### **Example: 100-class food recognition**

### **4.** Accuracy and Recognition Time

#### **UEC-FOOD100** class recognition performance

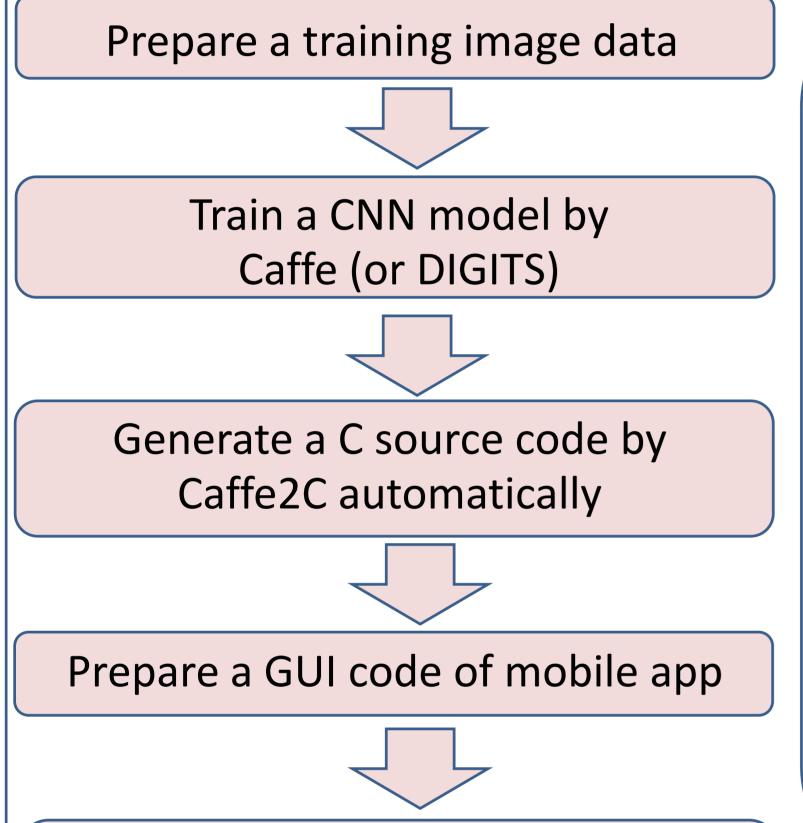


#### recognition time: 26.2ms(iPhone7Plus), top-5 accuracy: 91.5%

### **2.** Proposal Contents

Anyone can build very fast CNN-based mobile apps including object recognition apps and style transfer apps.

 $\sim$ flow of making mobile app $\sim$ 



Caffe2C / Chainer2C

Developed in our lab

- convert parameter files to C source codes that run on mobile devices
- Very fast CNN-based mobile recognition/transfer engine
  - speeding up by multithreading and fast framework
- Adopting NIN architecture for a recognition engine
  - any size of input images
  - the trade-off between
    - accuracy and processing time



#### Trade-Off between Accuracy and Recognition Time

Input Image Size	227x227	200x200	180x180	160x160
iPhone 7 Plus	55.7[ms]	42.1[ms]	35.5[ms]	<b>26.2</b> [ms]
iPad Pro	66.6[ms]	49.7[ms]	44.0[ms]	<b>32.6</b> [ms]
iPhone SE	77.6[ms]	56.0[ms]	50.2[ms]	37.2[ms]
Accuracy (top-5)	<b>95.2</b> %	95.1%	94.1%	91.5%

#### We achieve real realtime !!

# 4. DeepStyleCam (Image Style Transfer)

### ConvDeconvNetwork[2] can treat only one fixed style.

- If transferring ten kinds of styles, we have to train ten different ConvDeconvNetwork independently.
- This isn't good for mobile implementation(required memory size)
- We modified [2] can train multiple styles at the same time
  - adding a fusion layer and a style input stream(inspired by [1])

#### • Training

– We input sample images to the content stream and style images to the style stream. (The training method is the same as [2])

Generate CNN-based image recognition app by compiling the generated C code and the GUI code

by changing input image sizes *If you prepare training data,* you can create mobile recognition apps in a day !!

### **3.** DeepXCam for recognition (X = Food, Dog, Bird, Flower)

### • Training DCNN

- Use **Network-In-Network(NIN)**[3] considering mobile implementation
- Save the size of the network parameters

Network In Network [3]		Param	Memory	Top-5
<ul><li>only conv layers</li><li>no FC layers</li></ul>	AlexNet	62Million	248MB	95.1%
<ul> <li>relatively smaller than the other architectures</li> </ul>	NIN(4L+BN)	5.5Million	22MB	95.2%
• any image size correspondence	NIN(5L+BN)	15.8Million	63MB	96.2%

- Pre-trained CNNs with ImageNet 2000 category images (totally 2.1 million images)
- Speeding up Conv layers ⇒ Speeding up GEMM

kernel 1

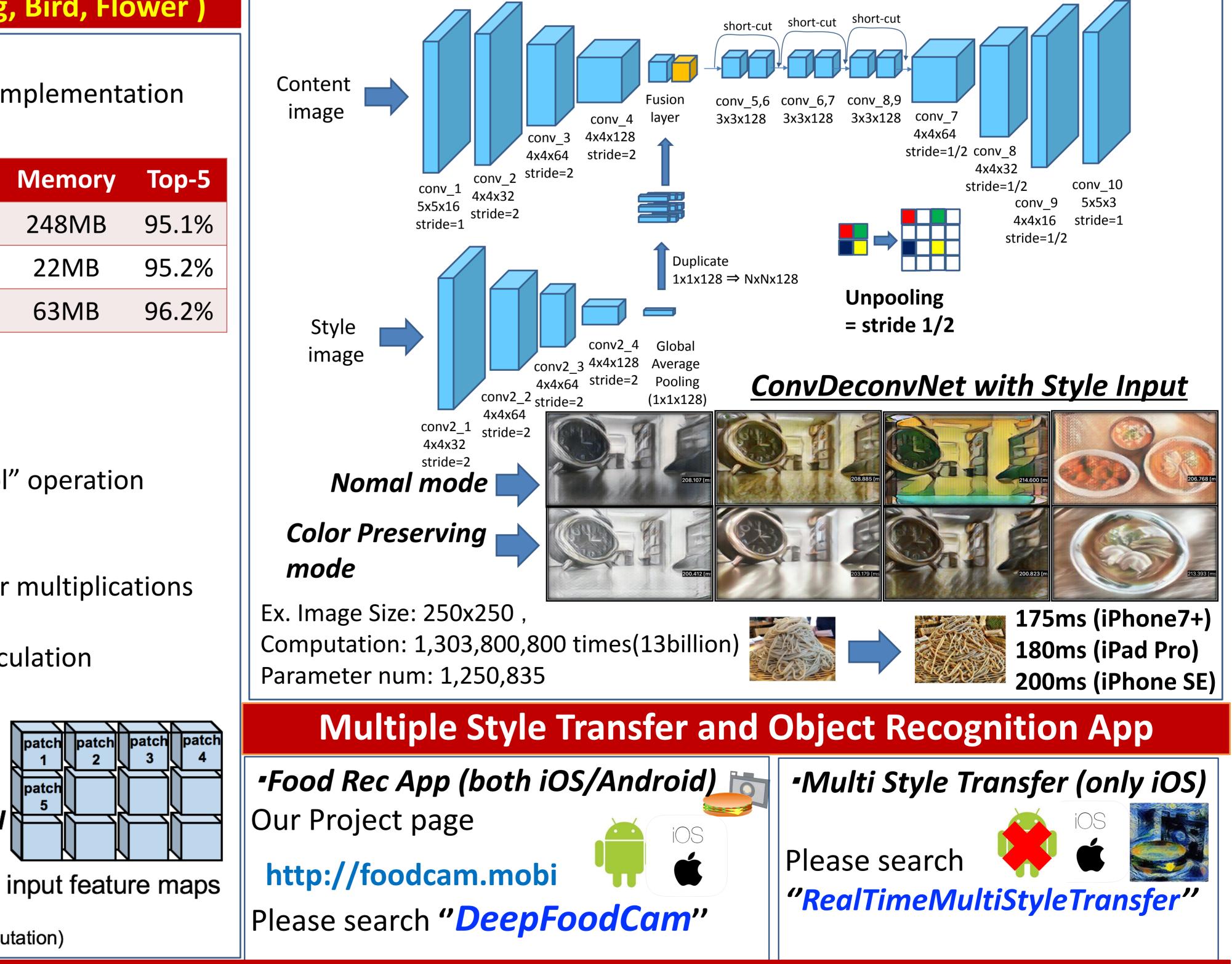
kernel 2

kernel 3

conv. kernels

- computation of conv layers is decomposed into "im2col" operation and matrix multiplications

- We shrunk the ConvDeconvNetwork compared to [2]
  - added one down-sampling layer and up-sampling layer
  - replaced 9x9 kernels with smaller 5x5 kernels in the first and last convolutional layers
  - reduced five Residual Elements into three



 BLAS(iOS: Accelerate Framework, Android: OpenBLAS) -we use the NEON instruction set which can execute four multiplications and accumulating calculations at once.

tch 2

im2col

-iOS: 2Core\*4 = 8 calculation, Android: 4Core\*4 = 16 calculation

**GEMM:** generic matrix multiplication (=conv. layer computation)

#### Reference

[1] S. lizuka et al.: Let there be Color!: Joint End-to-end Learning of Global and Local Image Priors for Automatic Image Colorization with Simultaneous Classification, SIGGRAPH, 2016. [2] J. Johnson et al.: Perceptual Losses for Real-Time Style Transfer and Super-Resolution, ECCV, 2016. [3] M. Lin et al. Network In Network, ICLR, 2014.