

Multi-task Learning of **Dish Detection and Calorie Estimation**

Takumi Ege and Keiji Yanai The University of Electro-Communications, Tokyo

Background

Some meal recording app can estimate food calories. But they ...

- Need user's manual input of food categories and volumes. •
- Estimate food calories for each dish one by one.
- Are paid service to hire nutritionists who estimate food calories.



Experiment

- Baseline (Single-task learning)
 - Single-task learning of **dish detection task** with **UECFood-100 dataset** [3]. (a)
 - Single-task learning of calorie estimation task with Calorie-50 dataset. (b)
 - Sequential model ((a) \rightarrow (b)) that detects each dish in a food image by (a) and the food calorie of each dish image based on detected results are estimated by (b).
- Our method (Multi-task learning)
- Multi-task learning of dish detection and calorie estimation with both datasets. In training of UECFood-100 dataset, we use the detection loss. In training of Calorie-50 dataset, we use the calorie loss and detection loss.



Calorie50 dataset with food calories.



UEC Food-100 dataset [3] with bounding boxes.

Pseudo-bounding boxes for Calorie50 dataset.

Purpose : Image-based food calorie estimation

Method

Multi-task learning of dish detection and food calorie estimation

- Simultaneous estimation of bounding boxes of food dishes and their calories.
- The output channels of estimated calories are added to the output features.





1. SSD : Wei Liu et. al. [1] 2016 (Detection Net)

- High-speed and highly accurate CNN-based detection system.
- End-to-end learning of the whole system is possible.



We use the network for single-dish detection from multiple-dish photos.

2. Single-task CNN : Ege and Yanai [2] 2017 (Calorie estimation Net)

- Image-based food calorie estimation with CNN.
- Regression based-method.
- Output food calories directly from single-dish food photos.

Result

Comparison of single-task and multi-task learning

Model	mAP (%)	Rel. err.	Abs. err.	Corr.	≤ 20%err.
Detection (uecfood100)	34.1				
Detection (uecfood100+calorie50) (a)	37.8				
Calorie estimation (calorie50) (b)		27.1	91.8	80.7	50.9
Sequential model ((a)→(b))		27.3	92.5	80.5	50.6
Detection + Calorie estimation (Ours)	37.7	26.6	89.4	81.0	50.7



Our method achieves the calorie estimation from multiple-dish photos without degrading dish detection accuracy.







 $\boldsymbol{L_{cal}} = \lambda_{re} L_{re} + \lambda_{ab} L_{ab}$ $\left(\begin{array}{c} y \text{ is an estimated food calorie.} \\ g \text{ is ground-truth.} \end{array}\right)$ $L_{re} = \frac{|y - g|}{g} \quad L_{ab} = |y - g|$

We use the network for food calorie estimation.

Examples of dish detection and food calorie estimation from multiple-dish food photos. (based on YOLOv2)

Conclusion

- We estimate food calories from multiple-dishes food photos.
- Multi-task learning of food detection and food calorie estimation. **Future work**
- Image-based food calorie estimation based on amount of food. Construction of large-scale food photos dataset.

[1] W. Liu, D. Anguelov, D. Erhan, C. Szegedy, and S. E. Reed. SSD: single shot multibox detector. CoRR, abs/1512.02325, 2015.

[2] T. Ege and K. Yanai. Simultaneous estimation of food categories and calories with multi-task cnn. In Proc. of IAPR International Conference on Machine Vision Applications(MVA), 2017.

[3] Y. Matsuda, H. Hajime, and K. Yanai. Recognition of multiple-food images by detecting candidate regions. In Proc. of IEEE International Conference on Multimedia and Expo, 2012.

[4] K. Simonyan and A Zisserman. Very deep convolutional networks for large-scale image recognition. In arXiv preprint arXiv:1409.1556, 2014.